

## Number Sense Exam 045, 10/14/2017

- (1)  $20.09 + 90.02 =$  \_\_\_\_\_ (decimal)
- (2)  $\frac{2}{7} \div 3\frac{1}{7} =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (3)  $48 \times 75 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (4)  $18^2 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (5)  $22 \times 22 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (6)  $297 \div 11 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (7)  $11 \times 65 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (8)  $2001 \times 17 + 3 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (9)  $64\% =$  \_\_\_\_\_ (proper fraction)
- \*(10)  $213 + 4711 + 1829 - 47 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (11) How many elements are in  $\{x \mid 30 < x < 40, \text{ where } x \in \{\text{Primes}\}\}$ ? \_\_\_\_\_
- (12)  $7\frac{2}{9} - 5\frac{1}{6} =$  \_\_\_\_\_ (mixed number)
- (13)  $\text{CDLX} + \text{XCVI} =$  \_\_\_\_\_ (Arabic Numeral)
- (14)  $32 \times 23 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (15)  $\text{DCLX} \times \text{IX} =$  \_\_\_\_\_ (Arabic Numeral)
- (16)  $4 \text{ gallons} + 12 \text{ pints} =$  \_\_\_\_\_ quarts
- (17)  $214 \times 16 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (18)  $12 \div (5 - 1) + 3 \times 4 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (19) The greatest prime number less than 99 is \_\_\_\_\_
- \*(20)  $\sqrt{678} \times \sqrt{1154} =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (21)  $|-1| - 1 + |-2| + 3 - 5 \times |-8| =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (22)  $72 \times 78 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (23) If  $3^x + 3 = 30$ , then  $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (24)  $24^2 + 12^2 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (25)  $6\frac{2}{5} \times 10\frac{2}{3} =$  \_\_\_\_\_ (mixed number)
- (26) Divide 89 into 2 parts such that the larger number exceeds the smaller number by 45. Find the larger number. \_\_\_\_\_
- (27)  $1.777\dots - 1.555\dots + 1.333\dots =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (28) The square root of  $27 \times 48$  is \_\_\_\_\_
- (29) The  $y$ -intercept of the line  $y = 6x + 4$  is  $(a, b)$ .  
 $a =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- \*(30)  $21^4 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (31) If  $4x^4 - 3x^3 + 3x^2 - 4x + 3 = 0$ , then the product of the roots is \_\_\_\_\_
- (32)  $16\frac{2}{3}\%$  of 60 less 12 is \_\_\_\_\_
- (33) The set  $\{F, U, N\}$  has \_\_\_\_\_ subsets
- (34)  $12\frac{1}{6} \times 6\frac{5}{6} =$  \_\_\_\_\_ (mixed number)
- (35) If 8 is to 9 as 10 is to  $x$ , then  $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (36) If the universal set  $U = \{n, u, m, b, e, r, s\}$  and set  $A = \{s, u, m\}$ , then the complement of set  $A$  contains how many distinct elements? \_\_\_\_\_
- (37) A regular hexagon with side length of  $4''$  has a perimeter of \_\_\_\_\_ inches
- (38) The product of the largest prime even integers and the smallest prime odd integer is \_\_\_\_\_
- (39) If  $3x + 4 = 5$ , then  $x^2 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- \*(40)  $22052 \div 148 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (41) The side opposite  $60^\circ$  in a right triangle is  $2\sqrt{3}$  and the hypotenuse is \_\_\_\_\_
- (42) If  $3^{(x-1)} = 13.1$ , then  $3^{(x+1)} =$  \_\_\_\_\_

- (43)  $2 + 5 + 7 + 12 + 19 + \dots + 81 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (44) The measure of each of the interior angles of a regular decagon is \_\_\_\_\_ degrees
- (45) 3 gallons = \_\_\_\_\_ cu. inches.
- (46)  $123 \times 123 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (47) The smallest integer  $x$  such that  $1 - x < 7$  is \_\_\_\_\_
- (48)  $5^3 \times 2^5 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (49)  $64 \div .25 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- \*(50)  $39 \times 41 \times 19 \times 21 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (51) Two numbers are in the ratio of 3 : 11. If their sum is 84, find the smaller number. \_\_\_\_\_
- (52)  $34_6 \times 5_6 =$  \_\_\_\_\_ <sub>6</sub>
- (53) If two dice are rolled, the probability that the sum of the faces is greater than 10 is \_\_\_\_\_
- (54) For  $x^2 - 12x + k = 0$  to have one real solution,  $k$  has to have a value of \_\_\_\_\_
- (55)  ${}_7C_4 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (56)  $13 \times 332 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (57)  $\frac{7}{9} - \frac{19}{29} =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (58)  $47^2 + 40^2 - 7^2 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (59) The modulus of  $7 - 24i$  is \_\_\_\_\_
- \*(60)  $32 \times 33 + 27 \times 26 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (61)  $1^2 - 2^2 + 3^2 - 4^2 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (62)  $4 \cos^2 45^\circ + 4 \sin^2 45^\circ =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (63) Let  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ -2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ . The determinant of  $A$  is \_\_\_\_\_
- (64) If  $(\sqrt[4]{a^2})(\sqrt[3]{a}) = (\sqrt[n]{a^k})$ , where  $n$  and  $k$  are relatively prime, then  $n =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (65)  $2 \sin 15^\circ \sin 75^\circ =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (66)  $404 \times 111 =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (67) If  $f(x) = x - 5$  and  $g(x) = 5 + x$ , then  $g(f(1)) =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (68)  $f(x) = 5x^2 - 7$  and  $g(x) = 4 - 2x$ .  $f(g(3)) =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (69) The number of distinct diagonals that can be drawn from a vertex of a regular decagon is \_\_\_\_\_
- \*(70)  $e^\pi \times \pi^e =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (71) Change .33 base 6 to a base 10 fraction. \_\_\_\_\_
- (72) Find  $x$ ,  $0 \leq x < 7$ , if  $\frac{(5!)(3!)}{(4!)} \equiv x \pmod{7}$ . \_\_\_\_\_
- (73) Change .32 base 6 to a base 10 fraction. \_\_\_\_\_
- (74) The circle  $x^2 + y^2 - 2x + 4y - 10 = 0$  has a center point at  $(h, k)$ .  $h =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (75)  $\int_0^1 \sqrt[3]{x} dx =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (76)  $f(x) = x^4 + 4x^3 + 6x^2 + 4x + 1$ , find  $f'(1)$ . \_\_\_\_\_
- (77)  $\det \begin{bmatrix} 8 & 4 \\ 3 & 5 \end{bmatrix} =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (78)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{5}{x+2} \right) =$  \_\_\_\_\_
- (79) The sum of the first 5 triangular numbers is \_\_\_\_\_
- \*(80)  $857.142 \times 35 =$  \_\_\_\_\_